



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁶ : A61K 9/12	A1	(11) International Publication Number: WO 98/05302 (43) International Publication Date: 12 February 1998 (12.02.98)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/GB97/01502 (22) International Filing Date: 3 June 1997 (03.06.97) (30) Priority Data: 9616237.5 1 August 1996 (01.08.96) GB (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): NORTON HEALTHCARE LIMITED [GB/GB], Gemini House, Flex Meadow, Harlow, Essex CM29 5TJ (GB). (72) Inventor; and (75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): MILLER, Fiona [GB/GB]; Norton Healthcare Limited, Gemini House, Flex Meadow, Harlow, Essex CM29 5TJ (GB). (74) Agent: PAWLYN, Anthony, Neil; Urquhart-Dykes & Lord, Tower House, Merriion Way, Leeds LS2 8PA (GB).		(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GI, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ARIPO patent (GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published <i>With international search report.</i>
(54) Title: AEROSOL FORMULATIONS (57) Abstract <p>The replacement of chlorofluorohydrocarbon propellants in medical aerosols is of the utmost importance to the pharmaceutical industry. A number of formulations have been investigated. The present invention provides a medical aerosol formulation comprising a particular medicament, a fluorocarbon propellant and 6 to 25 % w/w of the total formulation of a polar co-solvent, such formulation being substantially free of surfactant. Cannisters suitable for delivering such a pharmaceutical formulation are also provided.</p>		

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece		Republic of Macedonia	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	ML	Mali	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MN	Mongolia	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MR	Mauritania	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MW	Malawi	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	MX	Mexico	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NE	Niger	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NL	Netherlands	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NO	Norway	ZW	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's	NZ	New Zealand		
CM	Cameroon		Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CN	China	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CU	Cuba	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
CZ	Czech Republic	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
DE	Germany	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DK	Denmark	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
EE	Estonia	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		

-1-

AEROSOL FORMULATIONS

This invention relates to pharmaceutical formulations for inhalation aerosols. The Montreal Protocol on ozone depleting gases has made the reformulation of existing pharmaceutical aerosols for inhalation treatment containing chlorofluorohydrocarbon propellants, a matter of urgency for the pharmaceutical industry.

A number of hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs) have been the subject to toxicological testing and two in particular P134a (1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane) and P227 (1,1,1,2,3,3,3-heptafluoropropane) have been identified as safe for use in pharmaceutical aerosols.

A number of patent applications have been submitted in this field, the first being EP 372777, which discloses the use of four component mixtures, comprising a medicament, a surfactant, P134a and a co-solvent of higher polarity than the P134a, in the form of a solution or a suspension.

As inhalation aerosols are meant for administration to the lung, it has long been accepted that such formulations should contain as few ingredients as possible, to avoid putting unnecessary materials into the lung.

Historically, despite EP 372777, solution aerosols contained only medicament, propellant or propellant mixtures and, if necessary, co-solvent, usually ethanol, eg US 2868691. The use of a surfactant was normally unnecessary for solution aerosols. However, historically medicinal suspension aerosols have contained a surfactant eg US 3014844, as it was considered that the use of a surfactant was necessary to prevent agglomeration of particles, to prevent adhesion to the sides of the canister, and to aid valve lubrication and prevent valve sticking.

However it was disclosed in EP 616525 that it is possible to prepare medicament suspensions in a hydrofluorocarbon without the need for a surfactant, if a polar co-solvent was added. The normal co-solvent ethanol, has well established

-2-

physiological actions and being a pure absorbable liquid eliminates any possibility of residues remaining in the lung. Irritation or possible toxicity from the surfactant, many of which are mixtures of similar compounds, are avoided.

EP 616525 specifically limits the polar co-solvent level to 0.01 to 5% w/w and in particular states (page 3, line 55) that the preferred level is about 0.1% w/w.

According to a first aspect of the present invention there is provided a medicinal aerosol formulation comprising a particulate medicament, a fluorocarbon propellant and 6% to 25% w/w of the total formulation of a polar co-solvent, such formulation being substantially free of surfactant.

According to a second aspect of the present invention there is provided a medicinal aerosol formulation, comprising one or more particulate medicaments, one or more fluorocarbon or hydrocarbon or aliphatic gas propellants and 6% to 25% w/w of a polar co-solvent.

According to a third aspect of the present invention there is provided a canister suitable for delivering a pharmaceutical aerosol formulation, which comprises a container capable of withstanding the vapour pressure of the propellant used, which container is closed with a metering valve and contains a pharmaceutical aerosol formulation which comprises particulate medicament, a propellant consisting all or part of fluorocarbon and 6% to 25% of a polar co-solvent, which is substantially free of surfactant.

It has now been surprisingly found that higher levels of alcohol have beneficial results. Levels of 6% or more of ethanol produce satisfactory suspensions, which do not agglomerate on standing, and on reshaking produce finely dispersed medicament. It is believed that the higher levels of alcohol reduce the degree of deposition on the inside of the can. This is a very desirable feature. In addition, the use of these larger percentages of ethanol enables a much cheaper production process.

Medicinal aerosols can be filled either with one dose of liquid containing all of the ingredients mixed together or by

-3-

a two dose process where the first dose contains the medicament and all other ingredients, including co-solvents, surfactants, if any, ancillary compounds eg flavours, if any, and some times some of the propellant followed by a second dose of pure propellant. This two dose fill has major cost advantages in that the volume of mix for a fixed number of cans is significantly smaller enabling the use of smaller mixing vessels. In particular, with the use of the new HFC propellants, which have lower boiling points than the old CFC propellants, the use of a one dose fill may involve the use of cooled pressurised vessels to prevent evaporation of the propellant gas during mixing and filling. With the new formulations with added extra co-solvent a first mix of just medicament suspended in the co-solvent can be used, followed by a second dose of pure propellant. This means that the propellant can be dosed directly from a holding tank into the can without any need to mix and store with the other ingredients. For example a mix weight of 1g of medicament and co-solvent can be followed by 7.5g of propellant. In this way the volume to be mixed is reduced from 8.5g to 1g. All the examples in EP 616525 are of laboratory scale, where the handling problems are much easier, but all the formulations described are such that it would not be practicable to fill in two doses without mixing the propellant, as is the case with the present disclosure.

The description of the filling method given on page 5 lines 2-13 indicates that only a one dose filling method is envisaged.

In all cases of the present invention the medicament consists of a particle size suitable for inhalation into the lung and will thus be less than 100 microns, desirably less than 20 microns and preferably in the range of 1-10 microns, normally with a mean particle size 1-5 microns.

Medicaments which may be administered in aerosol formulations according to the invention include any drug useful in inhalation therapy which may be presented in a form which is substantially completely insoluble in the selected propellant.

-4-

Appropriate medicaments may thus be selected from, for example, analgesics, eg codeine, dihydromorphine, ergotamine, fentanyl or morphine; anginal preparations, eg diltiazem; antiallergics, eg cromoglycate, ketotifen or nedocromil; anti-infectives, eg cephalosporins, penicillins, streptomycin, sulphonamides, tetracyclines and pentamidine; antihistamines, eg methapyrilene; anti-inflammatories, eg beclomethasone, flunisolide, budesonide, tipredane, triamcinolone acetonide or fluticasone; antitussives, eg noscapine; bronchodilators, eg ephedrine, adrenaline, fenoterol, formoterol, isoprenaline, metaproterenol, phenylephrine, phenylpropanolamine, pirbuterol, reproterol, rimiterol, salbutamol, salmeterol, terbutaline, isoetharine, tolubuterol, orciprenaline; diuretics, eg amiloride; anticholinergics, eg ipratropium, atropine or oxitropium; hormones, eg cortisone, hydrocortisone or prednisolone; xanthines, eg aminophylline, choline theophyllinate, lysine theophyllinate or theophylline; and therapeutic proteins and peptides, eg insulin or glucagon. It will be clear to a person skilled in the art that, where appropriate, the medicaments may be used in the form of salts (eg as alkali metal or amine salts or as acid addition salts) or as esters (eg lower alkyl esters) or as solvates (eg hydrates) to optimise the activity and/or stability of the medicament and/or to minimise the solubility of the medicament in the propellant.

Preferred are those compounds which are also substantially insoluble in the co-solvent. Particularly preferred as medicament is salbutamol either as base or as a salt and especially salbutamol sulphate.

Co-solvents may be selected from polar alcohols and polyols, particularly C₂-C₆ aliphatic alcohols and polyols, such as propylene glycol, and preferably ethanol. Levels of co-solvent will be between 6% and 25% w/w of the total canister content, preferably between 10-15% w/w of canister content.

The propellant may be a hydrofluorocarbon, particularly P134a or P227. Other hydrofluorocarbons or hydrocarbons or aliphatic gases (eg Dimethylether) may be added to modify the

-5-

propellant characteristics as required.

The product is preferentially produced by weighing the active medicament and suspending it in the co-solvent. The appropriate amount of suspension is then dosed into the can, followed by a second dose of propellant or propellant mix. However, a one shot fill or any other equivalent method may be employed.

The normal medicinal product on the market has an actuator with spray orifice diameter of about 480 microns. However, with the larger percentages of ethanol envisaged in this invention, it is desirable that the co-solvent evaporates from the particles as rapidly as possible.

This is achieved by reducing the aperture to between 100-300 microns, which for the same dosage or drug, gives more rapid evaporation of the co-solvent. A particularly preferred embodiment of the invention is a combination of a level 10-15% co-solvent (normally ethanol) with a stem aperture of 150-250 microns.

The invention is further described by means of example but not in any limitative sense.

Example

Salbutamol Sulphate	0.03g
Ethanol	0.97g
Tetrafluoroethane (P134a)	7.5g

The salbutamol sulphate previously micronised to give over 90% of particles below 10 microns was weighed out and added to the ethanol. The suspension was mixed until it was smooth and uniform and then filled into the aerosol canister. The metering valve assembly was crimped (preferably vacuum crimped) on the canister and then the P134a was filled through the valve. The valve capacity is such as to deliver 100 micrograms of salbutamol, as salbutamol sulphate per actuation.

A particularly preferred use of such a canister is in a patient breath operated device rather than the normal hand

-6-

operated device. Such devices are available commercially such as those under the trade mark "Easi-Breathe".

-7-

Claims:

1. A medicinal aerosol formulation comprising a particulate medicament, a fluorocarbon propellant and 6% to 25% w/w of the total formulation of a polar co-solvent, such formulation being substantially free of surfactant.

2. A medicinal aerosol formulation, comprising one or more particulate medicaments, one or more fluorocarbon or hydrocarbon or aliphatic gas propellants and 6% to 25% w/w of a polar co-solvent.

3. A formulation as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2, wherein the medicament is an anti-allergic, a bronchodilator or an anti-inflammatory steroid.

4. A formulation as claimed in claim 3, where the medicament is ephedrine, adrenaline, fenoterol, formoterol, isoprenaline, metaproterenol, phenylephrine, phenylpropandamine, pirbuterol, reproterol, rimiterol, terbutaline, isoetharine, orciprenaline, salbutamol, salmeterol, sodium cromoglycate, fluticasone, beclomethasone or similar molecule and any physiologically acceptable salt, solvate or ester of such compound.

5. A formulation, as claimed in claims 1-3, where the medicament is a salt of salbutamol.

6. A formulation, as claimed in claims 1-3, where the medicament is a salt of formoterol (sometimes called eformoterol).

7. A formulation according to any of claims 1 to 5, wherein the propellant is 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane or 1,1,1,2,3,3,3-heptafluoro-n-propane.

8. A formulation according to any of claims 1 to 5,

-8-

where the co-solvent level is 10-15%.

9. A formulation according to any of claims 1-5, wherein the polar co-solvent is ethanol.

10. A canister suitable for delivering a pharmaceutical aerosol formulation, which comprises a container capable of withstanding the vapour pressure of the propellant used, which container is closed with a metering valve and contains a pharmaceutical aerosol formulation which comprises particulate medicament, a propellant consisting all or part of fluorocarbon and 6% to 25% of a polar co-solvent, which is substantially free of surfactant.

11. A canister according to claim 9, fitted into an adaptor with an aperture of 100-300 microns.

12. A product according to claims 9 and 10 where the medicament is as per claim 4.

13. A product according to claims 9-11, where the medicament is a salt of salbutamol.

14. A product according to claims 9-11, where the medicament is a salt of formoterol.

15. A canister according to claims 9 and 10, which is actuated by a breath operated device.

16. A product according to claim 15, where the medicament is a salt of salbutamol.

17. A product according to claim 15, where the medicament is a salt of formoterol.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Internat'l Application No.
PCT/GB 97/01502

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

A 61 K 9/12

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC **6**

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

A 61 K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	WO, A, 93/11 745 (GLAXO GROUP LIMITED) 24 June 1993 (24.06.93), abstract; claims 1-15. --	1-5, 7-10
A	WO, A, 93/11 743 (GLAXO GROUP LIMITED) 24 June 1993 (24.06.93), abstract; claims 1-21. --	1-5, 7-10
A	WO, A, 94/03 153 (GLAXO GROUP LIMITED) 17 February 1994 (17.02.94), abstract; claims 1-12. --	1-5, 7-10
A	WO, A, 94/13 262 (JAGER et al.) 23 June 1994 (23.06.94), abstract; claims 1-38,	1-5, 7-9

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.☐ Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:

- *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- *E* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- *L* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- *P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

T later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

X document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

Y document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.

B document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search
03 September 1997

Date of mailing of the international search report

26.09.97

Name and mailing address of the ISA

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2
NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk
Tel. (+ 31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,
Fax: (+ 31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

SCHNASS e.h.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

-2-

International Application No
PCT/GB 97/01502

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
	especially claim 4. -----	

In Recherchenbericht angeführtes Patentedokument Patent document cited in search report Document de brevet cité dans le rapport de recherche	Datum der Veröffentlichung Publication date Date de publication	Mitglied(er) der Patentfamilie Patent family member(s) Membre(s) de la famille de brevets	Datum der Veröffentlichung Publication date Date de publication
WO A1 9311745		AP A0 9200461 AP A 402 AT E 1228350 AU A1 1008507 AU A1 1008511 AU A1 1008517 AU A1 1008527 AU A1 1008537 AU A1 1008547 AU A1 1008557 AU A1 1008567 AU A1 1008577 AU A1 1008587 AU A1 1008597 AU A1 1008607 AU A1 1008617 AU A1 1008627 AU A1 1008637 AU A1 1008647 AU A1 1008657 AU A1 1008667 AU A1 1008677 AU A1 1008687 AU A1 1008697 AU A1 1008707 AU A1 1008717 AU A1 1008727 AU A1 1008737 AU A1 1008747 AU A1 1008757 AU A1 1008767 AU A1 1008777 AU A1 1008787 AU A1 1008797 AU A1 1008807 AU A1 1008817 AU A1 1008827 AU A1 1008837 AU A1 1008847 AU A1 1008857 AU A1 1008867 AU A1 1008877 AU A1 1008887 AU A1 1008897 AU A1 1008907 AU A1 1008917 AU A1 1008927 AU A1 1008937 AU A1 1008947 AU A1 1008957 AU A1 1008967 AU A1 1008977 AU A1 1008987 AU A1 1008997 AU A1 1009007 AU A1 1009017 AU A1 1009027 AU A1 1009037 AU A1 1009047 AU A1 1009057 AU A1 1009067 AU A1 1009077 AU A1 1009087 AU A1 1009097 AU A1 1009107 AU A1 1009117 AU A1 1009127 AU A1 1009137 AU A1 1009147 AU A1 1009157 AU A1 1009167 AU A1 1009177 AU A1 1009187 AU A1 1009197 AU A1 1009207 AU A1 1009217 AU A1 1009227 AU A1 1009237 AU A1 1009247 AU A1 1009257 AU A1 1009267 AU A1 1009277 AU A1 1009287 AU A1 1009297 AU A1 1009307 AU A1 1009317 AU A1 1009327 AU A1 1009337 AU A1 1009347 AU A1 1009357 AU A1 1009367 AU A1 1009377 AU A1 1009387 AU A1 1009397 AU A1 1009407 AU A1 1009417 AU A1 1009427 AU A1 1009437 AU A1 1009447 AU A1 1009457 AU A1 1009467 AU A1 1009477 AU A1 1009487 AU A1 1009497 AU A1 1009507 AU A1 1009517 AU A1 1009527 AU A1 1009537 AU A1 1009547 AU A1 1009557 AU A1 1009567 AU A1 1009577 AU A1 1009587 AU A1 1009597 AU A1 1009607 AU A1 1009617 AU A1 1009627 AU A1 1009637 AU A1 1009647 AU A1 1009657 AU A1 1009667 AU A1 1009677 AU A1 1009687 AU A1 1009697 AU A1 1009707 AU A1 1009717 AU A1 1009727 AU A1 1009737 AU A1 1009747 AU A1 1009757 AU A1 1009767 AU A1 1009777 AU A1 1009787 AU A1 1009797 AU A1 1009807 AU A1 1009817 AU A1 1009827 AU A1 1009837 AU A1 1009847 AU A1 1009857 AU A1 1009867 AU A1 1009877 AU A1 1009887 AU A1 1009897 AU A1 1009907 AU A1 1009917 AU A1 1009927 AU A1 1009937 AU A1 1009947 AU A1 1009957 AU A1 1009967 AU A1 1009977 AU A1 1009987 AU A1 1009997 AU A1 1010007 AU A1 1010017 AU A1 1010027 AU A1 1010037 AU A1 1010047 AU A1 1010057 AU A1 1010067 AU A1 1010077 AU A1 1010087 AU A1 1010097 AU A1 1010107 AU A1 1010117 AU A1 1010127 AU A1 1010137 AU A1 1010147 AU A1 1010157 AU A1 1010167 AU A1 1010177 AU A1 1010187 AU A1 1010197 AU A1 1010207 AU A1 1010217 AU A1 1010227 AU A1 1010237 AU A1 1010247 AU A1 1010257 AU A1 1010267 AU A1 1010277 AU A1 1010287 AU A1 1010297 AU A1 1010307 AU A1 1010317 AU A1 1010327 AU A1 1010337 AU A1 1010347 AU A1 1010357 AU A1 1010367 AU A1 1010377 AU A1 1010387 AU A1 1010397 AU A1 1010407 AU A1 1010417 AU A1 1010427 AU A1 1010437 AU A1 1010447 AU A1 1010457 AU A1 1010467 AU A1 1010477 AU A1 1010487 AU A1 1010497 AU A1 1010507 AU A1 1010517 AU A1 1010527 AU A1 1010537 AU A1 1010547 AU A1 1010557 AU A1 1010567 AU A1 1010577 AU A1 1010587 AU A1 1010597 AU A1 1010607 AU A1 1010617 AU A1 1010627 AU A1 1010637 AU A1 1010647 AU A1 1010657 AU A1 1010667 AU A1 1010677 AU A1 1010687 AU A1 1010697 AU A1 1010707 AU A1 1010717 AU A1 1010727 AU A1 1010737 AU A1 1010747 AU A1 1010757 AU A1 1010767 AU A1 1010777 AU A1 1010787 AU A1 1010797 AU A1 1010807 AU A1 1010817 AU A1 1010827 AU A1 1010837 AU A1 1010847 AU A1 1010857 AU A1 1010867 AU A1 1010877 AU A1 1010887 AU A1 1010897 AU A1 1010907 AU A1 1010917 AU A1 1010927 AU A1 1010937 AU A1 1010947 AU A1 1010957 AU A1 1010967 AU A1 1010977 AU A1 1010987 AU A1 1010997 AU A1 1011007 AU A1 1011017 AU A1 1011027 AU A1 1011037 AU A1 1011047 AU A1 1011057 AU A1 1011067 AU A1 1011077 AU A1 1011087 AU A1 1011097 AU A1 1011107 AU A1 1011117 AU A1 1011127 AU A1 1011137 AU A1 1011147 AU A1 1011157 AU A1 1011167 AU A1 1011177 AU A1 1011187 AU A1 1011197 AU A1 1011207 AU A1 1011217 AU A1 1011227 AU A1 1011237 AU A1 1011247 AU A1 1011257 AU A1 1011267 AU A1 1011277 AU A1 1011287 AU A1 1011297 AU A1 1011307 AU A1 1011317 AU A1 1011327 AU A1 1011337 AU A1 1011347 AU A1 1011357 AU A1 1011367 AU A1 1011377 AU A1 1011387 AU A1 1011397 AU A1 1011407 AU A1 1011417	24-06-93
WO A1 9311745		AP A0 9200461 AP A 402 AT E 1228350 AU A1 1008507 AU A1 1008511 AU A1 1008517 AU A1 1008527 AU A1 1008537 AU A1 1008547 AU A1 1008557 AU A1 1008567 AU A1 1008577 AU A1 1008587 AU A1 1008597 AU A1 1008607 AU A1 1008617 AU A1 1008627 AU A1 1008637 AU A1 1008647 AU A1 1008657 AU A1 1008667 AU A1 1008677 AU A1 1008687 AU A1 1008697 AU A1 1008707 AU A1 1008717 AU A1 1008727 AU A1 1008737 AU A1 1008747 AU A1 1008757 AU A1 1008767 AU A1 1008777 AU A1 1008787 AU A1 1008797 AU A1 1008807 AU A1 1008817 AU A1 1008827 AU A1 1008837 AU A1 1008847 AU A1 1008857 AU A1 1008867 AU A1 1008877 AU A1 1008887 AU A1 1008897 AU A1 1008907 AU A1 1008917 AU A1 1008927 AU A1 1008937 AU A1 1008947 AU A1 1008957 AU A1 1008967 AU A1 1008977 AU A1 1008987 AU A1 1008997 AU A1 1009007 AU A1 1009017 AU A1 1009027 AU A1 1009037 AU A1 1009047 AU A1 1009057 AU A1 1009067 AU A1 1009077 AU A1 1009087 AU A1 1009097 AU A1 1009107 AU A1 1009117 AU A1 1009127 AU A1 1009137 AU A1 1009147 AU A1 1009157 AU A1 1009167 AU A1 1009177 AU A1 1009187 AU A1 1009197 AU A1 1009207 AU A1 1009217 AU A1 1009227 AU A1 1009237 AU A1 1009247 AU A1 1009257 AU A1 1009267 AU A1 1009277 AU A1 1009287 AU A1 1009297 AU A1 1009307 AU A1 1009317 AU A1 1009327 AU A1 1009337 AU A1 1009347 AU A1 1009357 AU A1 1009367 AU A1 1009377 AU A1 1009387 AU A1 1009397 AU A1 1009407 AU A1 1009417 AU A1 1009427 AU A1 1009437 AU A1 1009447 AU A1 1009457 AU A1 1009467 AU A1 1009477 AU A1 1009487 AU A1 1009497 AU A1 1009507 AU A1 1009517 AU A1 1009527 AU A1 1009537 AU A1 1009547 AU A1 1009557 AU A1 1009567 AU A1 1009577 AU A1 1009587 AU A1 1009597 AU A1 1009607 AU A1 1009617 AU A1 1009627 AU A1 1009637 AU A1 1009647 AU A1 1009657 AU A1 1009667 AU A1 1009677 AU A1 1009687 AU A1 1009697 AU A1 1009707 AU A1 1009717 AU A1 1009727 AU A1 1009737 AU A1 1009747 AU A1 1009757 AU A1 1009767 AU A1 1009777 AU A1 1009787 AU A1 1009797 AU A1 1009807 AU A1 1009817 AU A1 1009827 AU A1 1009837 AU A1 1009847 AU A1 1009857 AU A1 1009867 AU A1 1009877 AU A1 1009887 AU A1 1009897 AU A1 1009907 AU A1 1009917 AU A1 1009927 AU A1 1009937 AU A1 1009947 AU A1 1009957 AU A1 1009967 AU A1 1009977 AU A1 1009987 AU A1 1009997 AU A1 1010007 AU A1 1010017 AU A1 1010027 AU A1 1010037 AU A1 1010047 AU A1 1010057 AU A1 1010067 AU A1 1010077 AU A1 1010087 AU A1 1010097 AU A1 1010107 AU A1 1010117 AU A1 1010127 AU A1 1010137 AU A1 1010147 AU A1 1010157 AU A1 1010167 AU A1 1010177 AU A1 1010187 AU A1 1010197 AU A1 1010207 AU A1 1010217 AU A1 1010227 AU A1 1010237 AU A1 1010247 AU A1 1010257 AU A1 1010267 AU A1 1010277 AU A1 1010287 AU A1 1010297 AU A1 1010307 AU A1 1010317 AU A1 1010327 AU A1 1010337 AU A1 1010347 AU A1 1010357 AU A1 1010367 AU A1 1010377 AU A1 1010387 AU A1 1010397 AU A1 1010407 AU A1 1010417	

WD A1 9403153 17-02-94

WD A1 9413262 23-06-94

[illegible]

AL	E2		6370	61	16
AU	A1	70	3634	19	66
CN	A	1	1088	43	66
EE	A1		6555	14	66
EP	A1		7777	48	64
GB	A2		9222	38	63
JP	A2		7777	47	63
GB	A		9222	38	63
ZA	A		9222	38	63

[illegible][illegible]

25	-07	-96
09	-01	-97
29	-06	-94
21	-06	-95
28	-05	-97
16	-09	-93
19	-10	-95
16	-09	-93
23	-02	-94

[illegible]